

Copy 2: Lecture 3b - MDOF Forced Response

Friday, September 18, 2020 11:42 AM

SDOF System

$$m \ddot{x} + c \dot{x} + kx = f(t)$$

$$f(t) \xrightarrow{\text{Steady-state}} x(t)$$

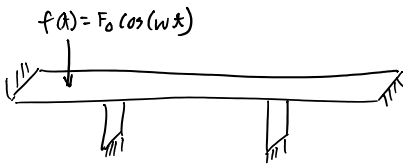
$\left| T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \right| \quad \left| T \right|$

MDOF Systems:

$$[M]\{\ddot{x}\} + [C]\{\dot{x}\} + [K]\{x\} = \text{Re}(\{F\}e^{i\omega t})$$

assume: $\{x\} = \text{Re}(\{\bar{x}\}e^{i\omega t})$

Direct solution: $\{\bar{x}\} = (-\omega^2[M] + i\omega[C] + [K])^{-1}\{F\}$



Modal Solution:

recall: $([K] - \omega^2[M])\{\phi\} = 0 \rightarrow \omega_1, \omega_2, \dots, \omega_N$

$[\Phi]$

$$[\Phi]^T[K][\Phi] = \begin{bmatrix} \omega_1^2 & 0 \\ 0 & \omega_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[\Phi]^T[M][\Phi] = [I]$$

$$\{x(t)\} = [\Phi]\{\eta(t)\} \rightarrow$$

$$\ddot{\eta}_j + 2\zeta_j\omega_j\dot{\eta}_j + \omega_j^2\eta_j = \{\Phi\}_j^T\{f(t)\}$$

$$= \{\Phi\}_j^T \text{Re}(\{F\}e^{i\omega t})$$

$$= \text{Re}(F_{m,j}e^{i\omega t})$$

as for SDOF system:

$$\eta_j(t) = \text{Re}(N_j e^{i\omega t})$$

$$N_j = \frac{\{\Phi\}_j^T\{F\}}{\omega_j^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_j\omega_j}$$

$$\{x(t)\} = [\Phi] \text{Re}(\{N\}e^{i\omega t})$$

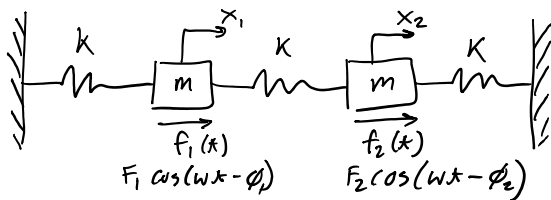
$$\omega_j^2 = \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_j \omega_j$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ \vdots \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \{\Phi\}_1 & \{\Phi\}_2 & \dots \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} R_1(N_1 e^{i\omega t}) \\ R_2(N_2 e^{i\omega t}) \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{x(t)\} = R_1 \left(\begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \end{Bmatrix} e^{i\omega t} \right) \quad \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \Phi \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} N_1 \\ N_2 \\ \vdots \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\{X\} = \sum_{j=1}^N \frac{\{\Phi\}_j (\{\Phi\}_j^T \{F\})}{\omega_j^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_j \omega_j} = [H(\omega)] \{F\}$$

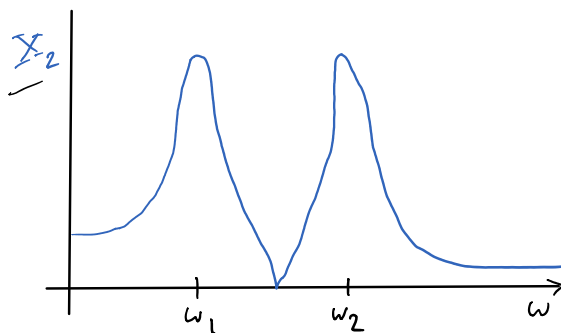
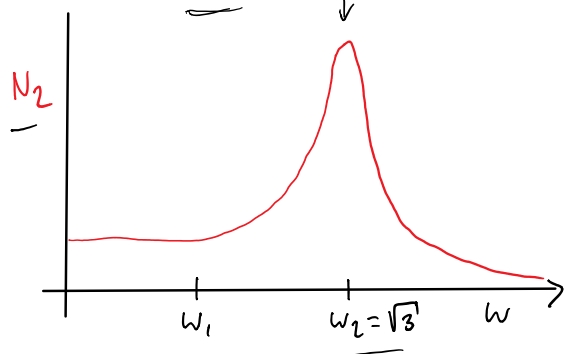
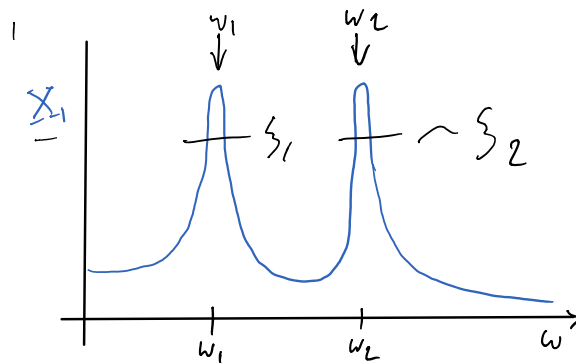
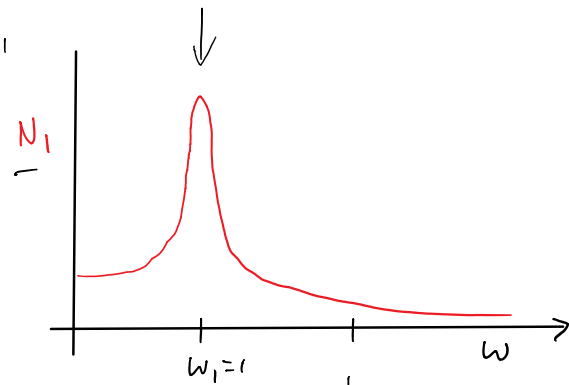
What does this mean?



$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{Bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} f_1(t) \\ f_2(t) \end{Bmatrix}$$

($k = \frac{1}{2}$, $m = \frac{1}{2}$)

$$[\Phi] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \omega_1 = 1, \quad \omega_2 = \sqrt{3}$$



Near $\omega = \omega_1$

$$\{X\} = \sum_{j=1}^N \frac{\{\Phi\}_j (\{\Phi\}_j^T \{F\})}{\omega_j^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_j \omega_j}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} = c \begin{bmatrix} \Phi \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

negligible

$$(\Delta) = \sum_{j=1}^2 \frac{1}{\omega_j^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_j \omega_j}$$

small = $\frac{\{\Phi\}_1 (\{\Phi\}_1^T \{F\})}{\omega_1^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_1 \omega_1} + \frac{\{\Phi\}_2 (\{\Phi\}_2^T \{F\})}{\omega_2^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_2 \omega_2}$ - large

negligible

Experimental Modal Analysis EMA

BASIC

Advanced

1) Measure FRFs

2) Peaks $\rightarrow$ nat. freqs $\checkmark$

- width of peaks (half-power pts) $\rightarrow$ damping $\checkmark$
- Peaks across many sensors = Mode shapes

Least Squares

$$\omega_1 = \omega_2 \quad (\zeta_1 = \zeta_2)$$

$$[H(\omega)] = \frac{\{\Phi\}_1 \{\Phi\}_1^T}{\omega_1^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_1 \omega_1} + \frac{\{\Phi\}_2 \{\Phi\}_2^T}{\omega_2^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_2 \omega_2}$$

$$[H(\omega)] = \frac{\{\Phi\}_1 \{\Phi\}_1^T + \{\Phi\}_2 \{\Phi\}_2^T}{\omega_1^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_1 \omega_1} \quad \text{--- Hard to see 2 modes}$$

SIMO - single-input multi-output

$$\{F\} = \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} \quad \{x\} = \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\{\Phi\}^T \{F\} = [\Phi_{11} \quad \Phi_{21}] \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} = \Phi_{11} = \Phi_{pr}$$

p = drive point r = mode #

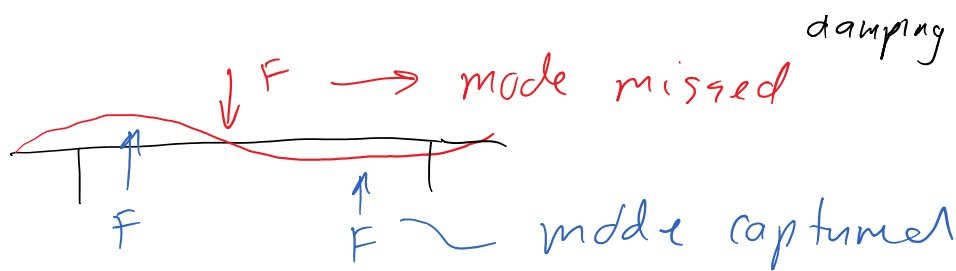
$$\{H(\omega)\} = \frac{\{\Phi\}_1 \{\Phi\}_1^T \Phi_{p1}}{\omega_1^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_1 \omega_1} + \frac{\{\Phi\}_2 \{\Phi\}_2^T \Phi_{p2}}{\omega_2^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega 2\zeta_2 \omega_2}$$

$$\{H(\omega)\} \Big|_{\omega \approx \omega_1} = C \{\Phi\}_1 \quad C = \frac{\Phi_{p1}}{i\omega 2\zeta_1 \omega_1}$$

$\Phi_{p1} \neq 0$ for mode to appear



$\therefore F \rightarrow$ mode missed



MISO - Multi-input single output

meas at x_p $\{F\} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{bmatrix}$

$$H_p|_{1st} = \frac{\phi_{pr} \{\phi\}_r^T \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}{\text{den}} = \frac{\phi_{pr} \phi_{1r}}{\text{den}}$$

$$H_p|_{2nd} = \frac{\phi_{pr} \{\phi\}_r^T \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}{\text{den}} = \frac{\phi_{pr} \phi_{2r}}{\text{den}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} H_p|_{1st} & H_p|_{2nd} & \dots \end{bmatrix} = \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{\phi_{pr} [\phi_{1r} \phi_{2r} \dots]}{\omega_r^2 - \omega^2 + j\omega 2\zeta_r \omega_r}$$

= Transpose SIMO

$$[H(\omega)] = \begin{bmatrix} \text{---} \text{MISO} \text{---} \\ \text{SIMO} \\ | \end{bmatrix} \quad H = H^T$$

MIMO -

Meas all points / $\{F_1\} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, $\{F_2\} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$$[H(\omega)] = \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{[A_r]}{\omega_r^2 - \omega^2 + j\omega 2\zeta_r \omega_r}$$

$$[A_1] = \left[\{\phi\}_1, \phi_{11} \quad \{\phi\}_2, \phi_{21} \quad \dots \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \phi_{11} & \phi_{21} & \dots & \phi_{12} & \phi_{22} & \dots \end{array} \right]$$

$$[A_r] = \{\phi\}_r \quad \begin{matrix} \text{---} \\ F_1 \text{ on DOF 1} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{---} \\ F_2 \text{ on DOF 2} \end{matrix} \dots$$

Rank 1 matrix



Mode Indicator Function MIF

$$\underline{CMIF} \rightarrow [H(w)] = [u][s][v]^T$$

Sing. Value Decomp SVD

$$[u]^T[u] = [I] \quad [v]^T[v] = [I] \quad \begin{matrix} s_1, s_2, s_3 \\ s_1 > s_2, s_2 > s_3 \dots \end{matrix}$$

$$\sum_j \{u\}_j \{v\}_j^T s_j$$

1 mode $s_1 \neq 0 \quad s_2 \approx s_3 \approx \dots \approx 0$

$$\{\phi\}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \{\phi\}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

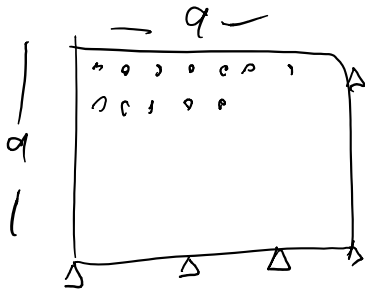
$$\{H(w)\}_{SIMO} = \frac{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}{\text{den}} = \frac{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}}{\text{den}}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ mode shape}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Mode shape seems to change w/ P.P.

MIMO $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = [A_r] \quad \text{rank} = 2$



SS plate

pairs of modes $\omega_j = \omega_n \quad j \neq n$